Volume Control Service

Bluetooth[®] Service Specification

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Abstract

This specification describes the service that exposes a control interface and volume state on an audio device.

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Version History

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1 Introduction

This service enables a device to expose the controls and state of its audio volume.

1.1 Conformance

Each capability of this specification shall be supported in the specified manner. This specification may provide options for design flexibility, because, for example, some products do not implement every portion of the specification. For each implementation option that is supported, it shall be supported as specified.

1.2 Service dependencies

This service depends on the Volume Offset Control Service (VOCS) [3] and Audio Input Control Service (AICS) [4] if included by this service.

1.3 Bluetooth Core Specification release compatibility

This specification is compatible with any version of the Bluetooth Core Specification [1] that includes the Generic Attribute Profile (GATT).

1.4 GATT sub-procedure requirements

Requirements in this section represent a minimum set of server requirements. Other GATT sub-procedures may be used if supported by both the client and server.

Requirements in this section are defined as "Mandatory" (M), "Optional" (O), "Excluded" (X), and "Conditional" (C.*n*). Conditional statements (C.*n*) are listed directly below the table in which they appear.

Table 1.1 summarizes additional GATT sub-procedure requirements beyond those required by all GATT servers over Unenhanced Attribute Protocol (ATT) bearers.

GATT Sub-Procedure	Requirements
Write Characteristic Values	М
Notifications	М
Read Characteristic Descriptors	М
Write Characteristic Descriptors	М

Table 1.1: GATT sub-procedure requirements, Unenhanced ATT bearers

This service does not impose any additional GATT sub-procedure requirements beyond those required by all GATT servers over Enhanced ATT bearers.

1.5 Transport dependencies

This service uses GATT and therefore has no additional transport dependencies.

Notifications with GATT are considered unreliable when used with an Unenhanced ATT bearer.

An Enhanced ATT bearer can be used for reliability of Notifications and can be specified by a higher-layer profile.

1.6 Application error codes

Name	Error Code	Description
Invalid Change Counter	0x80	The Change_Counter operand value does not match the Change_Counter field value of the Volume State characteristic.
Opcode Not Sup- ported	0x81	An invalid opcode has been used in a control point procedure.

This service defines the ATT Application Error codes shown in Table 1.2.

Table 1.2: Application error codes

1.7 Byte transmission order

All characteristics used with this service shall be transmitted with the least significant octet (LSO) first (i.e., little endian). The LSO is identified in the characteristic definitions in the Bluetooth SIG Assigned Numbers [5].

1.8 Change History

This section summarizes changes at a moderate level of detail and should not be considered representative of every change made.

1.8.1 Changes from v1.0 to v1.0.1

Section	Errata
1.1: Conformance	23881
3.2.2.7: Mute Procedure	24664
6: References	19313

Table 1.3: Errata incorporated in v1.0.1

1.9 Language

1.9.1 Language conventions

The Bluetooth SIG has established the following conventions for use of the words *shall*, *must*, *will*, *should*, *may*, *can*, *is*, and *note* in the development of specifications:

shall	is required to – used to define requirements.	
must	is used to express:	
	a natural consequence of a previously stated mandatory requirement.	
	OR	
	an indisputable statement of fact (one that is always true regardless of the circumstances).	

will	it is true that – only used in statements of fact.		
should	is recommended that – used to indicate that among several possibilities one is recommended as particularly suitable, but not required.		
may	is permitted to – used to allow options.		
can	is able to – used to relate statements in a causal manner.		
is	is defined as – used to further explain elements that are previously required or allowed.		
note	Used to indicate text that is included for informational purposes only and is not required in order to implement the specification. Each note is clearly designated as a "Note" and set off in a separate paragraph.		

For clarity of the definition of those terms, see Core Specification Volume 1, Part E, Section 1.

1.9.2 Reserved for Future Use

Where a field in a packet, Protocol Data Unit (PDU), or other data structure is described as "Reserved for Future Use" (irrespective of whether in uppercase or lowercase), the device creating the structure shall set its value to zero unless otherwise specified. Any device receiving or interpreting the structure shall ignore that field; in particular, it shall not reject the structure because of the value of the field.

Where a field, parameter, or other variable object can take a range of values, and some values are described as "Reserved for Future Use," a device sending the object shall not set the object to those values. A device receiving an object with such a value should reject it, and any data structure containing it, as being erroneous; however, this does not apply in a context where the object is described as being ignored or it is specified to ignore unrecognized values.

When a field value is a bit field, unassigned bits can be marked as Reserved for Future Use and shall be set to 0. Implementations that receive a message that contains a Reserved for Future Use bit that is set to 1 shall process the message as if that bit was set to 0, except where specified otherwise.

The acronym RFU is equivalent to Reserved for Future Use.

1.9.3 Prohibited

When a field value is an enumeration, unassigned values can be marked as "Prohibited." These values shall never be used by an implementation, and any message received that includes a Prohibited value shall be ignored and shall not be processed and shall not be responded to.

Where a field, parameter, or other variable object can take a range of values, and some values are described as "Prohibited," devices shall not set the object to any of those Prohibited values. A device receiving an object with such a value should reject it, and any data structure containing it, as being erroneous.

"Prohibited" is never abbreviated.



1.9.4 Terminology

Table 1.4 defines terms that are needed to understand features used in this service.
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Term Definition	
Unenhanced ATT bearer	An ATT bearer not using the Enhanced Credit Based Flow Control Logical Link Control and Adaptation Protocol (L2CAP) channel mode introduced in Volume 3, Part A, Section 10.2 in the Bluetooth Core Specification [2].
Enhanced ATT bearer	An ATT bearer using the Enhanced Credit Based Flow Control L2CAP channel mode introduced in Volume 3, Part A, Section 10.2 in [2].

Table 1.4: Terminology



2 Service

2.1 Declaration

There shall be no more than one instance of the Volume Control Service (VCS) on a device.

VCS is instantiated to expose the controls and state of a device that can control the volume of an audio output such as one or more speakers.

The Attribute Type service declaration shall be set to the «Primary Service» or «Secondary Service» universally unique identifier (UUID) and the Attribute Value service declaration shall be set to «Volume Control Service» as defined in the Bluetooth SIG Assigned Numbers [5].

2.2 Included services

VCS may include zero or more instances of VOCS [3] and zero or more instances of AICS [4].

2.2.1 Topology

An example device topology using VCS and included instances of VOCS and AICS is shown in Figure 2.1.

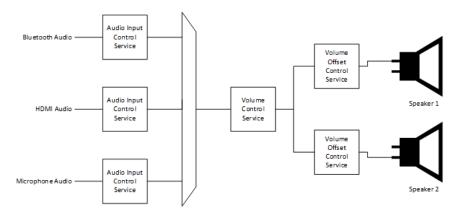


Figure 2.1: Example of VCS topology

2.3 Overview

This section provides an overview of the behavior of the characteristics that affect the server's audio volume and their usage.

2.3.1 Volume State

The Volume State characteristic value is comprised of three fields: the Volume_Setting, Mute, and Change_Counter fields.



2.3.1.1 Volume_Setting field

The Volume_Setting field is a unitless value such that a step increase in its value should result in a step increase of the audio output volume and a step decrease in its value should result in a step decrease of the audio output volume (a step size is implementation specific).

A value of 0 of the Volume_Setting field is the minimum volume output and a value of 255 is the maximum volume output.

2.3.1.2 Mute field

The Mute field has two values: Not Muted (or the numeral "0"), and Muted (or the numeral "1"). The Mute field value represents the server's audio state where a value of Not Muted represents unmuted audio and a value of Muted represents Muted audio.

The Mute field value shall not affect the Volume_Setting field value; for example, muting a server shall not change the Volume_Setting field value to 0.

This Mute field provides a single mute point for the entire device. In addition, the AICS Mute field of the Input State characteristic mutes individual inputs.

2.3.1.3 Change_Counter field

The server shall increment the Change_Counter field value by one upon every change to the Volume_Setting and Mute field values. The Change_Counter field should be incremented only once if more than one of these field values are changed at the same time. The Change_Counter field value is used in all Volume Control Point commands.

The server shall initialize the Change_Counter field to an arbitrary value. The value shall be in the range of 0 to 255, and an increment past 255 shall roll over to 0.

2.3.2 Volume Flags

The Volume Flags characteristic provides additional state information to clients.

2.3.2.1 Volume_Setting_Persisted field

The Volume_Setting_Persisted field informs clients whether the current Volume Setting field value has been set by a user volume change or remains unchanged at the default initialization value as described in Section 3.3.



3 Service characteristics

This section defines the characteristic and descriptor requirements.

Requirements in this section are defined as "Mandatory" (M), "Optional" (O), "Excluded" (X), and "Conditional" (C.n). Conditional statements (C.n) are listed directly below the table in which they appear.

Characteristic Name	Requirement	Mandatory Properties	Optional Properties	Security Permissions
Volume State	М	Read, Notify	None	Encryption Required
Volume Control Point	М	Write	None	Encryption Required
Volume Flags	М	Read	Notify	Encryption Required

Table 3.1: VCS characteristics

Properties not listed as Mandatory or Optional in Table 3.1 are Excluded.

3.1 Volume State

The Volume State characteristic shall be used to reflect the state of the audio volume to which this service applies. The value of the Volume State characteristic shall follow the format described in Table 3.2.

Field Name	Size (Octets)	Format
Volume_Setting	1	uint8
Mute	1	uint8
Change_Counter	1	uint8

Table 3.2: Volume State characteristic value format

3.1.1 Volume_Setting field

The Volume_Setting field shall be used to reflect the volume of the audio to which this service applies.

The Volume_Setting field is applied as described in Section 2.3.1.1.

3.1.2 Mute field

The Mute field shall be set to a value that reflects the current mute state of the audio to which this service applies.

The Mute field is applied as described in Section 2.3.1.2.

3.1.3 Change_Counter field

The server shall initialize the Change_Counter field to an arbitrary value. The Change_Counter field value shall be incremented by 1 when the Volume_Setting or Mute field value changes and shall not be changed otherwise. When the Change_Counter field value reaches 255, its next increment shall be 0.



3.1.4 Volume State behavior

The Volume State characteristic value may be read by the client. When the Volume State value changes, the server shall notify clients that have enabled the Client Characteristic Configuration Descriptor for notifications of the new value. The Volume State characteristic value shall be the same for all clients.

3.2 Volume Control Point

The Volume Control Point characteristic is used to request a specific procedure to be executed by the server when a value is written to it.

3.2.1 Volume Control Point procedure requirements

Table 3.3 lists the requirements for the Volume Control Point procedures for the request opcodes and operands in the context of VCS.

Opcode Value	Opcode	Procedure Section	Opcode Requirement	Operand
0x00	Relative Volume Down	Section 3.2.2.1	М	Change_Counter
0x01	Relative Volume Up	Section 3.2.2.2	Μ	Change_Counter
0x02	Unmute/Relative Vol- ume Down	Section 3.2.2.3	М	Change_Counter
0x03	Unmute/Relative Vol- ume Up	Section 3.2.2.4	М	Change_Counter
0x04	Set Absolute Volume	Section 3.2.2.5	М	Change_Counter, Vol- ume_Setting
0x05	Unmute	Section 3.2.2.6	M	Change_Counter
0x06	Mute	Section 3.2.2.7	М	Change_Counter

Table 3.3: Volume Control Point procedure requirements

3.2.2 Volume Control Point behavior

The Volume Control Point characteristic value may be written by the client.

If a client writes an opcode that is not supported or not defined in Table 3.3, then the server shall return an ATT Error Response with the error code Opcode Not Supported defined in Table 1.2.

If the control point procedure includes the Change_Counter field, and a client writes a Change_Counter operand that does not equal the Change_Counter field of the Volume State characteristic value, then the server shall return an ATT Error Response with the error code Invalid Change Counter defined in Table 1.2.

The Volume Control Point supports two sets of Relative Volume procedures: the first set, Relative Volume Down and Relative Volume Up, does not affect the Mute state of the server, and the second set, Unmute/Relative Volume Down and Unmute/Relative Volume Up, sets the Mute field value to Not Muted.

The server shall choose a positive value called the Step Size for use in the Relative Volume procedures. The Step Size value shall be the same for all Relative Volume procedures.

3.2.2.1 Relative Volume Down procedure

If the Relative Volume Down opcode is written to the Volume Control Point and the Change_Counter operand matches the Change_Counter field of the Volume State characteristic value, the server shall reduce the value of the Volume_Setting field through the following equation:

Volume_Setting = max(Volume_Setting - Step Size, 0)

If the Relative Volume Down procedure causes the Volume_Setting field value to change, the server shall increment the Change_Counter field and notify clients of the new Volume State characteristic value, as described in Section 3.1.4.

The Relative Volume Down procedure shall not affect the Mute field value.

The Volume Control Point characteristic value used for the Relative Volume Down procedure shall be formatted as listed in Table 3.4.

Parameter	Size (Octets)	Value
Opcode	1	0x00 = Relative Volume Down Opcode
Change_Counter	1	0x00–0xFF

Table 3.4: Relative Volume Down format

3.2.2.2 Relative Volume Up procedure

If the Relative Volume Up opcode is written to the Volume Control Point and the Change_Counter operand matches the Change_Counter field of the Volume State characteristic value, the server shall increase the value of the Volume_Setting field through the following equation:

Volume_Setting = min(Volume_Setting + Step Size, 255)

If the Relative Volume Up procedure causes the Volume_Setting field value to change, the server shall increment the Change_Counter field and notify clients of the new Volume State characteristic value, as described in Section 3.1.4.

The Relative Volume Up procedure shall not affect the Mute field value.

The Volume Control Point characteristic value used for the Relative Volume Up procedure shall be formatted as listed in Table 3.5.

Parameter	Size (Octets)	Value
Opcode	1	0x01 = Relative Volume Up Opcode
Change_Counter	1	0x00–0xFF

Table 3.5: Relative Volume Up format

3.2.2.3 Unmute/Relative Volume Down procedure

If the Unmute/Relative Volume Down opcode is written to the Volume Control Point and the Change_Counter operand matches the Change_Counter field of the Volume State characteristic value, the server shall reduce the Volume_Setting field value through the following equation:

Volume_Setting = max(Volume_Setting - Step Size, 0)

The server shall also set the Mute field value to Not Muted. If the Unmute/Relative Volume Down procedure causes either the Volume_Setting or Mute field value to change, the server shall increment the value of the Change_Counter field and notify clients of the new Volume State characteristic value as described in Section 3.1.4.

The Volume Control Point characteristic value used for the Unmute/Relative Volume Down procedure shall be formatted as listed in Table 3.6.

Parameter	Size (Octets)	Value
Opcode	1	0x02 = Unmute/Relative Volume Down Opcode
Change_Counter	1	0x00–0xFF

Table 3.6: Unmute/Relative Volume Down format

3.2.2.4 Unmute/Relative Volume Up procedure

If the Unmute/Relative Volume Up opcode is written to the Volume Control Point and the Change_Counter operand matches the Change_Counter field of the Volume State characteristic value, the server shall increase the Volume_Setting field value through the following equation:

```
Volume_Setting = min(Volume_Setting + Step Size, 255)
```

The server shall also set the Mute field value to Not Muted. If the Unmute/Relative Volume Up procedure causes either the Volume_Setting or Mute field value to change, the server shall increment the value of the Change_Counter field and notify clients of the new Volume State characteristic value as described in Section 3.1.4.

The Volume Control Point characteristic value used for the Unmute/Relative Volume Up procedure shall be formatted as listed in Table 3.7.

Parameter	Size (Octets)	Value
Opcode	1	0x03 = Unmute/Relative Volume Up Opcode
Change_Counter	1	0x00–0xFF

Table 3.7: Unmute/Relative Volume Up format

3.2.2.5 Set Absolute Volume procedure

If the Set Absolute Volume opcode is written to the Volume Control Point and the Change_Counter operand matches the Change_Counter field of the Volume State characteristic value, then the server shall set the Volume_Setting field value to the Volume_Setting operand value. If the Set Absolute Volume procedure causes the Volume_Setting field value to change, the server shall notify clients of the new Volume State value as described in Section 3.1.4.



The Set Absolute Volume procedure shall not affect the Mute field value.

The Volume Control Point characteristic value used for the Set Absolute Volume procedure shall be formatted as listed in Table 3.8.

Parameter	Size (Octets)	Value
Opcode	1	0x04 = Set Absolute Volume Opcode
Change_Counter	1	0x00–0xFF
Volume_Setting	1	0x00–0xFF

Table 3.8: Set Absolute Volume format

3.2.2.6 Unmute procedure

If the Unmute opcode is written to the Volume Control Point and the Change_Counter operand matches the Change_Counter field of the Volume State characteristic value, the server shall set the Mute field value to Not Muted.

If the Unmute procedure causes the Mute field value to change, the server shall increment the Change_Counter field and notify clients of the new Volume State characteristic value as described in Section 3.1.4.

The Volume Control Point characteristic value used for the Unmute procedure shall be formatted as listed in Table 3.9.

Parameter	Size (Octets)	Value
Opcode	1	0x05 = Unmute Opcode
Change_Counter	1	0x00–0xFF

Table 3.9: Unmute format

3.2.2.7 Mute procedure

If the Mute opcode is written to the Volume Control Point and the Change_Counter operand matches the Change_Counter field of the Volume State characteristic value, the server shall set the Mute field value to Muted.

If the Mute procedure causes the Mute field value to change, the server shall increment the Change_Counter field and notify clients of the new Volume State characteristic value as described in Section 3.1.4.

The Volume Control Point characteristic value used for the Mute procedure shall be formatted as listed in Table 3.10.

Parameter	Size (Octets)	Value
Opcode	1	0x06 = Mute Opcode
Change_Counter	1	0x00–0xFF

Table 3.10: Mute format

3.3 Volume Flags

The Volume Flags characteristic shall be set to a value that reflects the properties of VCS.

3.3.1 Volume Flags behavior

The Volume Flags characteristic value may be read by the client. If the server supports changing the Volume Flags value, the server shall support notification for the Volume Flags characteristic. When the Volume Flags value changes, the server shall notify clients that have enabled the Client Characteristic Configuration Descriptor for notifications of the new value.

The Volume_Setting_Persisted field shall be set to Reset Volume Setting if the Volume_Setting field value of the Volume State characteristic is an initial value, such as a server reset value, that has not been modified by a user change. A user change includes a client procedure that modifies the Volume_Setting field value, a server change to the Volume_Setting field value, or any other modification of the Volume_Setting field value. The Volume_Setting_Persisted field shall be set to User Set Volume Setting if the server does not support changing of the Volume Flags characteristic value.

The Volume_Setting_Persisted field shall be set to User Set Volume Setting after a user change occurs to the Volume_Setting field value of the Volume State characteristic. If a server is reset or disconnected and has persisted the Volume_Setting field value, then the Volume_Setting_Persisted field shall remain set to User Set Volume Setting.

The Volume Flags characteristic value shall have the format described in Table 3.11.

Characteristic Name	Size (Octets)	Format
Volume Flags	1	uint8

Table 3.11: Volume Flags characteristic value format

The fields of the Volume Flags characteristic value shall have the format described in Table 3.12.

Field Name	Bit(s)	Value
Volume_Setting_Persisted	0	0x00 = Reset Volume Setting
		0x01 = User Set Volume Setting
RFU	1-7	0x00

Table 3.12: Volume Flags characteristic value fields

4 SDP interoperability

If VCS is exposed over Basic Rate/Enhanced Data Rate (BR/EDR), then the service shall have the Service Discovery Protocol (SDP) record defined in Table 4.1.

Requirements in this section are defined as "Mandatory" (M), "Optional" (O), "Excluded" (X), and "Conditional" (C.*n*). Conditional statements (C.*n*) are listed directly below the table in which they appear.

Item	Definition	Туре	Value	Status
Service Class ID List	-	-	-	М
Service Class #0	-	UUID	«Volume Control Service»	М
Protocol Descriptor List	-	Data Ele- ment Se- quence	-	М
Protocol #0	-	UUID	«L2CAP»	М
Parameter #0 for Pro- tocol #0	Protocol/Service Multiplexer (PSM)	uint16	PSM = ATT	М
Protocol #1	-	UUID	«ATT»	М
Additional Protocol Descriptor List	-	Data Ele- ment Se- quence	-	C.1
Protocol Descriptor List	-	Data Ele- ment Se- quence	-	C.1
Protocol #0	-	UUID	«L2CAP»	C.1
Parameter #0 for Pro- tocol #0	PSM	uint16	PSM = EATT	C.1
Protocol #1	-	UUID	«ATT»	C.1
BrowseGroupList	-	-	PublicBrowseRoot Other browse UUIDs may also be included in the list.	М

Table 4.1: SDP record

C.1: Mandatory if Enhanced Attribute Protocol (EATT), introduced in Volume 3, Part F, Section 3.2.11 in [2], is supported, otherwise Excluded.



5 Acronyms and abbreviations

Acronym/Abbreviation	Meaning
AICS	Audio Input Control Service
ATT	Attribute Protocol
BR/EDR	Basic Rate/Enhanced Data Rate
EATT	Enhanced Attribute Protocol
GATT	Generic Attribute Profile
L2CAP	Logical Link Control and Adaptation Protocol
LSO	least significant octet
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
PSM	Protocol/Service Multiplexer
RFU	Reserved for Future Use
SDP	Service Discovery Protocol
UUID	universally unique identifier
VCS	Volume Control Service
VOCS	Volume Offset Control Service

Table 5.1: Acronyms and abbreviations

6 References

- [1] Bluetooth Core Specification, Version 4.2 or later
- [2] Bluetooth Core Specification, Version 5.2 or later
- [3] Volume Offset Control Service Specification, Version 1.0 or later
- [4] Audio Input Control Service Specification, Version 1.0
- [5] Bluetooth SIG Assigned Numbers, https://www.bluetooth.com/specifications/assigned-numbers